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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: March 15, 2001, 11:11:10 ; Search time 16.02 Seconds

(without alignments)  
(28.222 Million cell updates/sec)

Title: US-09-288-719-2

Sequence: 1 GGGSSGCRASGGGS 14

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 88757 seqs, 32294092 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 88757

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Database : SwissProt\_39:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the total score being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

# SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match length	ID	Description
1	65	86.7	643 1	K2C1_HUMAN
2	62	82.7	206 1	TPST_MOUSE
3	61	81.3	3038 1	TRIO_HUMAN
4	60	80.0	401 1	CSR_PLACG
5	60	80.0	465 1	FXD1_HUMAN
6	60	80.0	465 1	FXD3_MOUSE
7	60	80.0	779 1	M30_STRPU
8	59	78.7	558 1	ROL_HUMAN
9	59	78.7	593 1	KICJ_HUMAN
10	58	77.3	214 1	GRP2_NICSY
11	58	77.3	333 1	SIX3_MOUSE
12	58	77.3	427 1	DSYE_DROME
13	58	77.3	481 1	LORI_MOUSE
14	58	77.3	549 1	DSYM_DROME
15	57	76.0	118 1	RLA3_ORYSA
16	57	76.0	265 1	YPG1_ZYMMO
17	57	76.0	266 1	CANS_RABIT
18	57	76.0	268 1	EP34_HCMVA
19	57	76.0	431 1	HXB3_HUMAN
20	57	76.0	433 1	HXB3_MOUSE
21	57	76.0	575 1	RM62_DROME
22	57	76.0	684 1	EP84_HCMVA
23	57	76.0	1454 1	KDGE_DROME
24	56	74.7	157 1	GRPA_MAIZE
25	56	74.7	157 1	GRPA_MOUSE
26	56	74.7	165 1	GRP_DAUCA
27	56	74.7	168 1	GRP2_SORBI
28	56	74.7	183 1	GRP2_ORYSA
29	56	74.7	202 1	TPST_HUMAN
30	56	74.7	280 1	CHTA_MAIZE
31	56	74.7	321 1	PUR_MOUSE
32	56	74.7	322 1	PUR_HUMAN
33	56	74.7	385 1	RO32_XENLA

34	56	74.7	401 1	HB9_HUMAN	P50219 hemo sapien
35	56	74.7	440 1	FXGA_CHICK	Q98937 gallus gall
36	56	74.7	495 1	BRN1_MOUSE	P31361 rattus norv
37	56	74.7	497 1	BRN1_RAT	Q63262 rattus norv
38	56	74.7	500 1	BRN1_HUMAN	P20264 hemo sapien
39	56	74.7	539 1	DOP2_DROME	Q24563 drosophila
40	56	74.7	622 1	SR68_CANFA	Q00004 canis fam1
41	56	74.7	663 1	DUS8_MOUSE	Q09112 mus musculu
42	56	74.7	688 1	EOMD_MOUSE	Q54839 mus musculu
43	56	74.7	979 1	REF1_HUMAN	P22670 hemo sapien
44	56	74.7	1627 1	TP2B_CHICK	O42131 gallus gall
45	56	74.7	2124 1	Y192_HUMAN	Q93074 hemo sapien

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
K2C1\_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 643 AA.  
AC P04264;  
DT 20-MAR-1987 (Rel. 04, Created)  
DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  
DE KERATIN, TYPE II CYTOSKELETAL 1 (CYTOKERATIN 1) (K1) (CK 1) (67 KDA  
DE CYTOKERATIN) (HAIR ALPHA PROTEIN).  
GN KRT1 OR KRTA.  
OS Homo sapiens (Human).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Carnivora; Hominoidea; Homo.  
RN [1]  
RP MEDLINE-85166239; PubMed-2580302;  
RX Johnson L.D., Idler W.W., Zhou X.-M., Roop D.R., Steinert P.M.;  
RT "Structure of a gene for the human epidermal 67-kDa keratin";  
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82:1896-1900(1985).  
RN [2]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE-85166239; PubMed-2580302;  
RT Johnson L.D., Idler W.W., Zhou X.-M., Roop D.R., Steinert P.M.;  
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82:1896-1900(1985).  
RN [3]  
RP PRELIMINARY SEQUENCE OF 151-643 FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE-85207740; PubMed-2581964;  
RT Steinert P.M., Parry D.A.D., Idler W.W., Johnson L.D., Steven A.C.,  
RA Roop D.R.;  
RL "Amino acid sequences of mouse and human epidermal type II keratins  
of Mr 67,000 provide a systematic basis for the structural and  
functional diversity of the end domains of keratin intermediate  
filament subunits.";  
RN J. Biol. Chem. 260:7142-7149(1985).  
RN [4]  
RP REVISIONS, AND VARIANT EHK PRO-160.  
RX MEDLINE-92386601; PubMed-1381288;  
RA Chiew C.C., Korie B.P., Markova N., Bale S.J., Digiovanna J.J.,  
RL Compton J.G., Steinert P.M.;  
RT "A leucine-->proline mutation in the HI subdomain of keratin 1  
causes epidermolytic hyperkeratosis.";  
RN Cell 70:821-828(1992).  
RN [5]  
RP VARIANTS EHK GLY-154, SER-187 AND PRO-192.  
RX MEDLINE-94117869; PubMed-7507151;  
RA Yang J.-M., Chiew C.C., Digiovanna J.J., Bale S.J., Marekov L.N.,  
RL Steinert P.M., Compton J.G.;  
RT "Mutations in the HI and IA domains in the keratin 1 gene in  
epidermolytic hyperkeratosis.";  
RN J. Invest. Dermatol. 102:17-23(1994).  
RN [6]  
RP VARIANTS EHK PRO-185 AND SER-187.  
RX MEDLINE-94117870; PubMed-7507152;  
RA McLean W.H.I., Eady R.A., Doppen-Hepner P.J., McMillan J.R.,  
RL Leigh I.M., Navesaria H.A., Higgins C., Harper J.I., Paige D.G.,  
RA Morley S.M.;

RT	"Mutations in the rod 1A domain of keratins I and 10 in bullous
RT	congenital ichthyosiform erythroderma (BCIE).";
RL	J. Invest. Dermatol. 102:24-30(1994).
RN	[7]
RN	VARIANT EHK GLN-489.
RX	MEDLINE=92376531; PubMed=1380725;
RA	Roehrsangel J.A., Domney A.M., Dempsey L.D., Longley M.A.,
RA	Greenhalgh D.A., Gagne T.A., Huber M., Frenk E., Honl D., Koop D.R.;
RT	"Mutations in the rod domains of keratins I and 10 in epidermolytic
RT	hyperkeratosis";
RL	Science 257:1128-1130(1992).
RN	[8]
RN	VARIANT ALLELE 1B.
RX	MEDLINE=93107743; PubMed=1281859;
RA	Korge B.P., Compton J.G., Steinert P.M., Mischke D.;
RT	"The two size alleles of human keratin 1 are due to a deletion in the
RT	glycine-rich carboxyl-terminal V2 subdomain.";
RL	J. Invest. Dermatol. 99:697-702(1992).
CC	-1- SUBUNIT: HETEROTETRAMER OF TWO TYPE I AND TWO TYPE II KERATINS.
CC	KERATIN I IS GENERALLY ASSOCIATED WITH KERATIN 10.
CC	-1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: THE SOURCE OF THIS PROTEIN IS NEONATAL
CC	FORSKIN. THE 67-KDA TYPE II KERATINS ARE EXPRESSED IN TERMINALLY
CC	DIFFERENTIATING EPIDERMIS.
CC	-1- POLYMORPHISM: THERE ARE TWO SIZE VARIANTS OF KRTI, TERMED 1A AND
CC	1B WITH ALLLELIC FREQUENCIES OF 0.61 AND 0.39. 1B LACKS 7 LACKS
CC	7 RESIDUES COMPARED TO 1A.
CC	-1- DISEASE: DEFECTS IN KRT10 AND KRT1 ARE THE CAUSE OF EPIDERMOLYTIC
CC	HYPERTROPHOSIS (EHK) (ALSO KNOWN AS BULLOUS CONGENITAL
CC	ICHTHYOSIFORM ERYTHRODERMA (BIE)); A HEREDITARY SKIN DISORDER
CC	CHARACTERIZED BY BLISTERING AND A MARKED THICKENING OF THE STRATUM
CC	CORNUEM.
CC	-1- MISCELLANEOUS: THERE ARE TWO TYPES OF CYTOSKELETAL AND
CC	MICROPILIBULAR KERATIN: I (ACIDIC; 40-55 KDA) [K9 TO K20] AND II
CC	(NEUTRAL TO BASIC; 56-70 KDA) [K1 TO K8].
CC	-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INTERMEDIATE FILAMENT FAMILY.
CC	-----
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CC	between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
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CC	-----
DR	EMBL; AF237621; AAF60327.1; -
DR	EMBL; M98776; AAB47721.1; -
DR	PIR; A02950; KRHD2.
DR	PIR; A22940; A22940.
DR	HSSP; P05412; IFOS.
DR	AARHUS/GHEHT-2DPAGE; 4606; NEPHEG.
DR	MIM; 139350; -
DR	MIM; 113800; -
DR	INTERPRO; IPRO01664; -
DR	INTERPRO; IPRO03054; -
DR	Pfam; PF00038; filament_1.
DR	PRINTS; PR01276; TYPE2KERATIN.
DR	ProSITE; PS00226; IF_1.
KW	Intermediate filament; Coiled coil; Heptad repeat pattern; Keratin;
KW	Disease mutation; Polymorphism; Phosphorylation.
FT	INIT_MET 0
FT	DOMAIN 1 178 HEAD.
FT	DOMAIN 179 488 ROD.
FT	DOMAIN 489 643 TAIL.
FT	DOMAIN 179 214 COIL 1A.
FT	DOMAIN 215 233 LINKER 1.
FT	DOMAIN 234 325 COIL 1B.
FT	DOMAIN 326 349 LINKER 12.
FT	DOMAIN 350 488 COIL 2.
FT	SITE 432 432 STUTTER.
FT	SITE 432 432 GLY/PHE/SER-RICH.
FT	DOMAIN 501 640 GLY/SER-RICH.
FT	MOD_RES 65 65 PHOSPHORYLATION (BY SIMILARITY).
FT	VARIANT 154 154 V->G (IN EHK).

FT	VARIANT	160	160	/FtId=VAR_003853. L -> P (IN EHK).
FT	VARIANT	185	185	/FtId=VAR_003854. S -> P (IN EHK).
FT	VARIANT	187	187	/FtId=VAR_003855. N -> S (IN EHK).
FT	VARIANT	192	192	/FtId=VAR_003856. S -> P (IN EHK).
FT	VARIANT	311	311	/FtId=VAR_003857. I -> V.
FT	VARIANT	329	329	/FtId=VAR_003858. I -> T.
FT	VARIANT	357	357	/FtId=VAR_003859. N -> Y.
FT	VARIANT	489	489	/FtId=VAR_003860. E -> Q (IN EHK).
FT	VARIANT	536	536	/FtId=VAR_003861. G -> C.
FT	VARIANT	632	632	/FtId=VAR_003862. R -> K.
FT	VARIANT	559	565	/FtId=VAR_003863. MISSING (IN ALLELE 1B).
FT	VARIANT	643 AA;	65886 MM; DE945DC462257850	CNC64; /FtId=VAR_003864.
SQ	SEQUENCE	643 AA;	65886 MM; DE945DC462257850	CNC64;
QY	Query Match	Best Local Similarity	86.7%; Score 65; DB 1;	Length 643;
Dd	Matches 12;	Conservative	85.7%; Pred. No. 1.3;	Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY	1 GGGSGGGRASGGGS 14 			
Dd	594 GGGSSGGRGSGGS 607			
RESULT 2	TWST_MOUSE	STANDARD:	PRT;	206 AA.
ID	TWST_MOUSE			
AC	P26687;			
DT	01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, created)			
DT	01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, last sequence update)			
DT	15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, last annotation update)			
DE	TWIST RELATED PROTEIN (M-TWIST).			
GN	TWIST.			
OS	Mus musculus (Mouse).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
CC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.			
RN	(1)			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RX	MEDLINE=91122450; PubMed=1840517;			
RA	Wolf C., Thisse C., Stoetzel C., Thisse B., Gerlinger P.,			
RA	Perrin-Schmitt F.;			
RT	"The M-twist gene of Mus is expressed in subsets of mesodermal cells			
RT	and is closely related to the Xenopus X-twi and the Drosophila twist			
RT	genes.";			
RL	Dev. Biol. 143:363-373(1991).			
RP	[2]			
RN	FUNCTION.			
RX	MEDLINE=98001585; PubMed=9343420;			
RA	Hammort Y., Wu H.Y., Sartorelli V., Kedes L.;			
RT	"the basic domain of myogenic basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) proteins			
RT	is the novel target for direct inhibition by another bHLH protein,			
RT	'Twist'.";			
ML	Mol. Cell. Biol. 17:6563-6573(1997).			
CC	- FUNCTION: PROBABLE TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR, WHICH SEEMS TO BE			
CC	INVOLVED IN THE NEGATIVE REGULATION OF CELLULAR DETERMINATION AND			
CC	OSTEOGENESIS, AND NEUROGENESIS. INHIBITS MYOGENESIS BY			
CC	INHIBITING E PROTEINS, INHIBITING TRANS-ACTIVATION BY MEK2, AND			
CC	INITIATING DNA-BINDING BY MYD THROUGH PHYSICAL INTERACTION. THIS			
CC	INTERACTION PROBABLY INVOLVES THE BASIC DOMAINS OF BOTH PROTEINS.			
CC	- SUBUNIT: EFFICIENT DNA BINDING REQUIRES DIMERIZATION WITH ANOTHER			
CC	BHLH PROTEIN. HOWODIMER.			

CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: NUCLEAR.  
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SUBSET OF MESODERMAL CELLS.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE BASIC HELIX-LOOP-HELIX (BHLH) FAMILY OF  
 CC TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS.  
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 CC -----  
 DR EMBL: M63649; AAA40514.1; -  
 DR EMBL: M63650; AAA40515.1; -  
 DR HSSP: P10085; IMDY.  
 DR TRANSFAC: T01635; -  
 DR MGD: MGI:98872; TWIST.  
 DR INTERPRO: IPR001092; -  
 DR INTERPRO: IPR003015; -  
 DR PFMAM: PF00010; HLH; 1.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00038; HELIX LOOP HELIX; 1.  
 DR Differentiation; Developmental protein; Nuclear protein; DNA-binding;  
 KW Transcription regulation.  
 FT DOMAIN 80 102 GLY-RICH.  
 FT DNA\_BIND 112 124 BASIC DOMAIN.  
 FT DOMAIN 125 164 HELIX-LOOP-HELIX MOTIF (BY SIMILARITY).  
 FT VARIANT 36 36 A -> R (IN CDNA).  
 FT VARIANT 91 91 G -> P (IN CDNA).  
 FT SEQUENCE 206 AA; 21198 MW; 618ADB9B5B87C555 CRC64;  
 SO  
 Query Match 82.7%; Score 62; DB 1; Length 206;  
 Best Local Similarity 78.6%; Pred No. 1;  
 Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 OY 1 GGGGGGSGRAGGGS 14  
 DB 90 GGGGGGSSSSGGGS 103  
 ID TRIO\_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 3038 AA.  
 AC 075962; 013458;  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Created)  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  
 DE TRIPLE FUNCTIONAL DOMAIN PROTEIN (TPRF INTERACTING PROTEIN).  
 GN TRIO.  
 OS Homo sapiens (Human).  
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 CC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 2).  
 RC TISSUE-FIBROBLAST;  
 RX MEDLINE-96224308; PubMed-8643598;  
 RA Debant A., Serra-Pages C., Seipel K., O'Brien S., Tang M., Park S.-H.,  
 RA Streuli M.;  
 RA "The multidomain protein Trlo binds the LAR transmembrane tyrosine  
 RT phosphatase, contains a protein kinase domain, and has separate rac-  
 RT specific and rho-specific guanine nucleotide exchange factor  
 RT domains".  
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:5466-5471(1996).  
 RN [2]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 1).  
 RA Streuli M.;  
 RL Submitted (SEP-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 RN [3]  
 RP STRUCTURE BY NMR OF 1227-1407, AND MUTAGENESIS.  
 RX MEDLINE-99005194; PubMed-9790533;  
 RA Liu X., Wang H., Eberstadt M., Schnuchel A., Olejniczak E.T.,  
 RA Meadows R.P., Schkeryantz J.M., Janowski D.A., Harlan J.E.,

RA Harris E.A.S., Staunton D.E., Pesik S.W.;  
 RT "NMR structure and mutagenesis of the N-terminal Dbl homology domain  
 RT of the nucleotide exchange factor Trlo.";  
 RL Cell 95:269-277(1998).  
 RN [4]  
 RP CHARACTERIZATION.  
 RX MEDLINE-99276567; PubMed-10341202;  
 RA Seipel K., Medley O.G., Kedersha N.L., Zhang X.A., O'Brien S.P.,  
 RA Serra-Pages C., Hemler M.E., Streuli M.;  
 RT "Trlo amino-terminal guanine nucleotide exchange factor domain  
 RT expression promotes actin cytoskeleton reorganization, cell migration  
 RT and anchorage-independent cell growth.";  
 RL J. Cell Sci. 112:1825-1834(1999).  
 CC -1- FUNCTION: PROMOTES THE EXCHANGE OF GTP BY GTP. TOGETHER WITH  
 CC LEUCOCYTE ANTIGEN-RELATED (LAR) PROTEIN, IT COULD PLAY A ROLE IN  
 CC COORDINATING CELL-MATRIX AND CYTOSKELETAL REARRANGEMENTS NECESSARY  
 CC FOR CELL MIGRATION AND CELL GROWTH.  
 CC -1- SUBUNIT: INTERACT TO FORM A COMPLEX WITH LEUCOCYTE ANTIGEN RELATED  
 CC PROTEIN.  
 CC -1- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS: 2 ISOFORMS: 1 (SHOWN HERE) AND 2; ARE  
 CC PRODUCED BY ALTERNATIVE SPLICING.  
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: HIGHLY EXPRESSED IN HEART, SKELETAL MUSCLE,  
 CC BRAIN, PANCREAS, PLACENTA, LIVER, KIDNEY AND LUNG.  
 CC -1- DOMAIN: THE N-TERMINAL DBL/GEF DOMAIN SPECIFICALLY CATALYZES  
 CC NUCLEOTIDE EXCHANGE FOR RAC1, LEADING TO THE ACTIVATION OF JUN  
 CC KINASE AND THE PRODUCTION OF MEMBRANE RUFLS. THE SECOND DBL/GEF  
 CC DOMAIN IS AN EXCHANGE FACTOR FOR RHOA AND INDUCES THE FORMATION OF  
 CC STRESS FIBERS.  
 CC -1- PTM: SERINE PHOSPHORYLATED.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE RHO/RAC GEF FAMILY.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 DBL-HOMOLOGY DOMAINS (DH).  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 IMMUNOGLOBULIN-LIKE C2-TYPE DOMAIN.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 PH DOMAINS.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 SH3 DOMAIN.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 4 SPECTRIN-LIKE DOMAINS.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: IN THE C-TERMINAL SECTION, BELONGS TO THE SER/THR  
 CC FAMILY OF PROTEIN KINASES.  
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 DR EMBL: AF091395; AAC43042.1; -  
 DR EMBL: U42390; AAC34245.1; -  
 DR HSSP: P04002; LATF.  
 DR MIM: 601893; -  
 DR PFMAM: PF00047; 1g; 1.  
 DR PFMAM: PF00169; PH; 2.  
 DR PFMAM: PF00069; PKINASE; 1.  
 DR PFMAM: PF00621; RhogEF; 2.  
 DR PFMAM: PF00018; SH3; 1.  
 DR PFMAM: PF00435; spectrin; 7.  
 DR PROSITE: PS50003; PH\_DOMAIN; 2.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00107; PROTEIN KINASE ATP; FALSE\_NEG.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00108; PROTEIN KINASE ST; 1.  
 DR PROSITE: PS50011; PROTEIN KINASE DOM; 1.  
 DR PROSITE: PS50002; SH3; 1.  
 KW Guanine-nucleotide releasing factor; Phosphorylation; Repeat;  
 KW transferase; Serine/threonine-protein kinase; ATP-binding;  
 KW Immunoglobulin domain; SH3 domain; Alternative splicing.  
 FT DOMAIN 252 1157  
 FT REPEAT 252 359 4 X SPECTRIN-LIKE REPEATS.  
 FT REPEAT 479 585 1.  
 FT REPEAT 479 585 2.  
 FT REPEAT 819 925 3.  
 FT REPEAT 1050 1157 4.  
 FT DOMAIN 1240 1393 DH 1.  
 FT DOMAIN 1421 1532 PH 1.  
 FT DOMAIN 1597 1653 SH3.  
 FT DOMAIN 1917 2091 DH 2.



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CC -----
CC DR EMBL; U59832; AAC50661.1; -
CC DR EMBL; U59831; AAC50660.1; -
CC DR EMBL; U13222; AAA92039.1; -
CC DR MIM; 601091; -
CC DR INTERPRO: IPR001766; -
CC DR PRAM; PF00250; FORK_head; 1.
CC DR PRINTS; PF00053; FORKHEAD.
CC DR PROSITE; PS00657; FORK_HEAD_1; 1.
CC DR PROSITE; PS00658; FORK_HEAD_2; 1.
CC DR PROSITE; PS50039; FORK_HEAD_3; 1.
CC KW Transcription regulation; DNA-binding; Nuclear protein.
CC FT DOMAIN 26 34 POLY-GLU.
CC FT DOMAIN 39 43 POLY-GLY.
CC FT DOMAIN 52 57 POLY-ARG.
CC FT DOMAIN 69 72 POLY-GLU.
CC FT DOMAIN 73 76 POLY-ASP.
CC FT DOMAIN 97 113 POLY-GLY.
CC FT DNA_BIND 124 215 FORK-HEAD.
CC FT DOMAIN 231 234 POLY-ALA.
CC FT DOMAIN 252 256 POLY-ALA.
CC FT DOMAIN 259 266 POLY-PRO.
CC FT DOMAIN 293 303 POLY-ALA.
CC FT DOMAIN 309 315 POLY-PRO.
CC FT DOMAIN 375 390 POLY-ALA.
CC FT DOMAIN 428 434 POLY-ALA.
CC SQ SEQUENCE 465 AA; 46140 MW; D3E7854909CCBFAE CRC64;

Query Match 80.0%; Score 60; DB 1; Length 465;
Best Local Similarity 78.6%; Pred. No. 3.3;
Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GCGGSGGRASGGGS 14
Db 101 GCGGSGGAGGAGGS 114
IIIIIIIIII

RESULT 6
FXD3_MOUSE ID FXD3_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 465 AA.
AC Q61060;
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN D3 (HNF3/PH TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR GENESIS)
DE (HEPATOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR 3 FORKHEAD HOMOLOG 2) (HFN-2).
GN FOXD3 OR HFN2.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Hromas R.A., Costa R.H., Xu D., Sutton J.L.;
RL Submitted (NOV-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Labosky P.A., Kaestner K.H.;
RT "The winged helix transcription factor Hnf2 is expressed in neural
RT crest and spinal cord during mouse development.";
RL Submitted (MAY-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
CC -1- FUNCTION: PROBABLE TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: NUCLEAR.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 FORK-HEAD DOMAIN.
CC -----
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DR      EMBL; U41047; AAA87569.1; -.
DR      EMBL; AF067421; AAC28352.1; -.
DR      MGD; MGI:1347473; FOXD3.
DR      INTERPRO; IPR001766; -.
DR      PfAM; PF00250; Fork_head; 1.
DR      PRINTS; PR00053; FORKHEAD.
DR      PROSITE; PS00657; FORK_HEAD_1; 1.
DR      PROSITE; PS00658; FORK_HEAD_2; 1.
DR      PROSITE; PS50039; FORK_HEAD_3; 1.
KW      DNA-binding; Nuclear protein; Transcription regulation.
FT      DOMAIN 106 113      POLY-GLY.
FT      DNA_BIND 131 225      FORK-HEAD.
FT      DOMAIN 252 257      POLY-ALA.
FT      DOMAIN 265 270      POLY-ALA.
FT      DOMAIN 275 281      POLY-ALA.
FT      DOMAIN 380 393      POLY-GLY.
FT      DOMAIN 385 399      POLY-GLY.
FT      DOMAIN 447 457      POLY-ALA.
SQ      SEQUENCE 465 AA; 47092 MM; 6F8B5B83D8C7564D CRC64;
OY      1 GGGGSGGGRASGGG 13
DB      380 GGGGSGGGRASGGG 392

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RESULT 7
M130_STRPU
ID M130_STRPU STANDARD; PRT; 779 AA.
AC P08472;
DT 01-AUG-1988 (Rel. 08, Created)
DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAY-1991 (Rel. 18, Last annotation update)
DE MESENCHYME-SPECIFIC CELL SURFACE GLYCOPROTEIN PRECURSOR (MSP130).
OS Strongylocentrotus purpuratus (Purple sea urchin).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Echinodermata; Eleutherozoa; Echinozoa;
OC Echinoidae; Euechinoidae; Echinacea; Echinoida; Strongylocentrotidae;
OC Strongylocentrotus.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE-90110195; PubMed-2295637;
RA Parr B.A., Parks A.L., Ralf R.A.;
RT "Promoter structure and protein sequence of msp130, a lipid-anchored
RT sea urchin glycoprotein."
RL J. Biol. Chem. 265:1408-1413(1990).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 542-779 FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE-87191419; PubMed-3569664;
RA Leaf D.S., Anstrom J.A., Chin J.E., Harkey M.A., Showman R.M.,
RA Ralf R.A.;
RT "Antibodies to a fusion protein identify a cDNA clone encoding
RT msp130, a primary mesenchyme-specific cell surface protein of the sea
RT urchin embryo."
RL Dev. Biol. 121:29-40(1987).
CC -I- FUNCTION: NOT KNOWN. COULD BE INVOLVED IN MESENCHYME CELL
CC MIGRATION, ADHESION, FUSION, OR SPICULE FORMATION.
CC -I- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: ATTACHED TO THE MEMBRANE BY A GPI-ANCHOR
CC (PROBABLE).
CC -I- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: RESTRICTED TO THE PRIMARY MESENCHYME CELL
CC LINEAGE.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL: M31750; AAA30065.1; -
DR EMBL: M31751; AAA30066.1; -
DR EMBL: M16457; AAA30064.1; -
DR PIR: A35006; A35006.
KW Glycoprotein; Signal; Repeat; GPI-anchor.
FT SIGNAL 1 15 POTENTIAL.
FT CHAIN 16 779 MESSENGER-SPECIFIC CELL SURFACE
FT GLYCOPROTEIN.
FT DOMAIN 39 70 GLY-RICH.
FT DOMAIN 262 350 GLY-RICH.
FT CARBOHYD 203 203 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 234 234 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 369 369 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 451 451 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 609 609 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
SQ SEQUENCE 779 AA; 81006 MW; 7D522D8348928316 CRC64;

Query Match 80.0%; Score 60; DB 1; Length 779;
Best Local Similarity 76.9%; Pred. No. 5.2;
Matches 10; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1 GGGGSGGRASGGG 13
    ||||| 111 111
Db 57 GGGGAGGGRGGGG 69

RESULT 8
ROL_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 558 AA.
AC P14866;
DT 01-APR-1990 (Rel. 14; Created)
DT 01-APR-1990 (Rel. 14; Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39; Last annotation update)
DE HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN L (HNRLP L).
GN HNRLP.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE-90078296; PubMed-2687284;
RA Piniol-Roma S., Swanson M.S., Gall J.G., Dreyfuss G.;
RT "A novel heterogeneous nuclear RNP protein with a unique distribution
on nascent transcripts."
RL J. Cell Biol. 109:2575-2587(1989).
RN [2]
RP PARTIAL SEQUENCE.
RC TISSUE-KERATINOCYTES;
RX MEDLINE-93162043; PubMed-1286667;
RA Rasmussen H.H., van Damme J., Puype M., Gesser B., Cells J.E.,
Vandekekerckhove J.;
RT "Microsequences of 145 proteins recorded in the two-dimensional gel
protein database of normal human epidermal keratinocytes."
RL Electrophoresis 13:960-969(1992).
CC -1- FUNCTION: THIS PROTEIN IS A COMPONENT OF THE HETEROGENEOUS NUCLEAR
RIBONUCLEOPROTEIN (HNRLP) COMPLEXES WHICH UNDERGO BEFORE BECOMING
FUNCTIONAL, TRANSLATABLE MRNAs IN THE CYTOPLASM. IT IS ASSOCIATED
WITH MOST NASCENT TRANSCRIPTS INCLUDING THOSE OF THE LANDMARK
GIANT LOOPS OF AMPHIBIAN LAMPBRUSH CHROMOSOMES.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: NUCLEAR; NUCLEOLUS.
CC -1- PTM: SEVERAL ISOELECTRIC FORMS OF THE L PROTEIN ARE PROBABLY THE
RESULTS OF POSTTRANSLATIONAL MODIFICATIONS.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 3 RNA RECOGNITION MOTIFS (RRM).
CC -----
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CC or send an email to license@lsb-sib.ch).
CC -----
DR EMBL: X16135; CAA34261.1; -
DR PIR: A33616; A33616.
DR HSSP: P19339; 2SXL.
DR SWISS-2DPAGE; P14866; HUMAN.
DR AARHUS/GHEHT-2DPAGE; 1505; IEF.
DR AARHUS/GHEHT-2DPAGE; 4602; NEPHGE.
DR MIM: 603083; -
DR MIM: 164021; -
DR INTERPRO; IPR00504; -
DR PFAM; PF00076; Irm; 3.
DR PROSITE; PS50102; RRM; 3.
KW Nuclear protein; RNA-binding; Ribonucleoprotein; Repeat.
FT DOMAIN 72 552 GLY-RICH.
FT DOMAIN 72 552 REPEAT-RICH REGION.
FT REPEAT 72 143
FT REPEAT 163 238
FT REPEAT 352 424
FT REPEAT 472 552
FT DOMAIN 335 342
FT SIMILAR 63 143
FT SIMILAR 155 237
FT SIMILAR 155 237
FT SIMILAR 155 237
FT SIMILAR 155 237
SQ SEQUENCE 558 AA; 60187 MW; 395E5A04B14C848D CRC64;

Query Match 78.7%; Score 59; DB 1; Length 558;
Best Local Similarity 78.6%; Pred. No. 5;
Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1 GGGGSGGRASGGG 14
    ||||| 111 111
Db 8 GGGGSGGRYGGGS 21

RESULT 9
KICJ_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 593 AA.
AC P13645;
DT 01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13; Created)
DT 01-JUN-1994 (Rel. 29; Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34; Last annotation update)
DE KERATIN, TYPE I CYTOSKELETAL 10 (CYTOKERATIN 10) (CK 10).
GN KRT10.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE-89125611; PubMed-2464696;
RA Rieger M., Franke W.W.;
RT "Identification of an orthologous mammalian cytochrome gene. High
degree of intron sequence conservation during evolution of human
cytochrome 10."
RL J. Mol. Biol. 204:841-856(1988).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 130-593 FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE-88122104; PubMed-2448602;
RA Darmon M.Y., Serrat A., Darmon M.C., Vasseur M.;
RT "Sequence of a cDNA encoding human keratin No 10 selected according
to structural homologues of keratins and their tissue-specific
expression."
RL Mol. Biol. Rep. 12:277-283(1987).
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE OF 197-593 FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE-92339897; PubMed-1378806;
RA Tkachenko A.V., Buchman V.L., Bliskovsky V.V., Shvets Y.P.,
Kisseliev L.L.;
RT "Exons I and VII of the gene (Ker10) encoding human keratin 10
undergo structural rearrangements within repeats."

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RL Gene 116:245-251(1992).  
 RN [4]  
 RP SEQUENCE OF 180-184 AND 577-589.  
 RC TISSUE=KERATINOCYTES;  
 RX MEDLINE=93162043; PubMed=1286667;  
 RA Raasmussen H.H., van Damme J., Puype M., Gesser B., Celis J.E.,  
 RA Vanderkerckhove J.;  
 RT "Microsequences of 145 proteins recorded in the two-dimensional gel  
 RT protein database of normal human epidermal keratinocytes.";  
 RL Electrophoresis 13:960-969(1992).  
 RN [5]  
 RP VARIANTS EHK HIS-156 AND SER-161.  
 RX MEDLINE=92376531; PubMed=1380725;  
 RA Rothenberg J.A., Dornley A.M., Dempsey L.D., Longley M.A.,  
 RA Greenhalgh D.A., Gagne T.A., Huber M., Frenk E., Hohl D., Roop D.R.;  
 RT "Mutations in the rod domains of keratins 1 and 10 in epidermolytic  
 RT hyperkeratosis.";  
 RL Science 257:1128-1130(1992).  
 RN [6]  
 RP VARIANT EHK HIS-156.  
 RX MEDLINE=92386600; PubMed=1381287;  
 RA Cheng J., Syder A.J., Yu O.-C., Letai A., Paller A.S., Fuchs E.;  
 RT "The genetic basis of epidermolytic hyperkeratosis: a disorder of  
 RT differentiation-specific epidermal keratin genes.";  
 RL Cell 70:811-819(1992).  
 RN [7]  
 RP VARIANTS EHK HIS-154; CYS-156; HIS-156; ASP-160 AND GLN-442.  
 RX MEDLINE=94136477; PubMed=7508181;  
 RA Chipev C.C., Yang J.-M., Digiovanna J.J., Stelvert P.M., Marekov L.,  
 RA Compton J.G., Bale S.J.;  
 RT "Preferential sites in keratin 10 that are mutated in epidermolytic  
 RT hyperkeratosis.";  
 RL Am. J. Hum. Genet. 54:179-190(1994).  
 RN [8]  
 RP VARIANTS EHK PRO-156 AND SER-156.  
 RX MEDLINE=9411870; PubMed=7507152;  
 RA McLean W.H.I., Eady R.A., Doppenst P.J., McMillan J.R.,  
 RA Leigh I.M., Navsaria H.A., Higgins C., Harper J.I., Paige D.G.,  
 RA Morley S.M.;  
 RT "Mutations in the rod 1A domain of keratins 1 and 10 in bullous  
 RT congenital ichthyosiform erythroderma (BCIE).";  
 RL J. Invest. Dermatol. 102:24-30(1994).  
 RN [9]  
 RP VARIANTS.  
 RX MEDLINE=92141228; PubMed=1371013;  
 RA Korge B.P., Gan S.-Q., McBride O.W., Mischke D., Steinert P.M.;  
 RT "Extensive size polymorphism of the human keratin 10 chain resides in  
 RT the C-terminal V2 subdomain due to variable numbers and sizes of  
 RT glycine loops.";  
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:910-914(1992).  
 CC -1- SUBUNIT: HETEROTRIMER OF TWO TYPE I AND TWO TYPE II KERATINS.  
 CC KERATIN 10 IS GENERALLY ASSOCIATED WITH KERATIN 1.  
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SEEN IN ALL SUPRABASAL CELL LAYERS INCLUDING  
 CC STRATUM CORNEUM.  
 CC -1- POLYMORPHISM: A NUMBER OF ALLELES ARE KNOWN THAT MAINLY DIFFER IN  
 CC THE GLY-RICH REGION (POSITIONS 480-560).  
 CC -1- DISEASE: DEFECTS IN KRT10 AND KRT1 ARE THE CAUSE OF EPIDERMOLYTIC  
 CC HYPERKERATOSIS (EHK) (ALSO KNOWN AS BULLOUS CONGENITAL  
 CC ICTHYOSIFORM ERYTHRODERMA (BIE)); A HEREDITARY SKIN DISORDER  
 CC CHARACTERIZED BY BLISTERING AND A MARKED THICKENING OF THE STRATUM  
 CC CORNEUM.  
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THERE ARE TWO TYPES OF CYTOSKELETAL AND  
 CC MICROTUBULAR KERATIN: I (ACIDIC; 40-55 KDA) [K9 TO K20] AND II  
 CC (NEUTRAL TO BASIC; 56-70 KDA) [K1 TO K8].  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE INTERMEDIATE FILAMENT FAMILY.  
 CC -1- CAUTION: REF.2 SEQUENCE DIFFERS FROM THAT SHOWN EXTENSIVELY IN  
 CC POSITIONS 513 TO 555.

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 CC -----  
 DR EMBL: X14487; CAA32649.1; -  
 DR EMBL: M19156; AAB59468.1; -  
 DR EMBL: M77663; AAB59199.1; -  
 DR EMBL: L20218; AAB59438.1; -  
 DR EMBL: L20219; AAB59439.1; -  
 DR PIR: S02158; KRHD0.  
 DR AARHUS/GENET-2DPAGE; 7405; IEF.  
 DR MIM: 148080; -  
 DR MIM: 113800; -  
 DR INTERPRO: IPR001664; -  
 DR INTERPRO: IPR002957; -  
 DR PFAM: PF00038; filament; 1.  
 DR PRINTS: PR01248; TYPE1KERATIN.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00226; IEF; 1.  
 KW Intermediate filament; Coiled coil; Heptad repeat pattern; Keratin;  
 KW Disease mutation; Polymorphism.  
 FT DOMAIN 1 145  
 FT 146 456  
 FT 457 593  
 FT 146 181  
 FT 182 202  
 FT 203 294  
 FT 295 317  
 FT 318 456  
 FT 6 144  
 FT 451 590  
 FT 154 154  
 FT 156 156  
 FT 156 156  
 FT 156 156  
 FT 156 156  
 FT 161 161  
 FT 161 161  
 FT 442 442  
 FT 197 197  
 FT 279 280  
 FT 312 312  
 FT 340 340  
 FT 374 374  
 FT 408 408  
 FT 451 451  
 FT 460 461  
 FT 477 477  
 FT 482 482  
 FT 487 490  
 FT 503 503  
 FT 508 508  
 FT 519 527  
 FT 513 518  
 FT 519 529  
 FT 532 536  
 FT 543 543  
 FT 551 555  
 SO SEQUENCE 593 AA; 59519 MW; 360955FA0BAF95B5 CnC64;

Query Match 78.7%; Score 59; DB 1; Length 593;  
 Best Local Similarity 78.6%; Pred. No. 5.2;  
 Matches 11; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GGGSGGSRASGGGS 14  
 ||||| || :|||

Db 547 GGGYGGGSGGGS 560

RESULT 10

GRP2\_NICSY STANDARD; PRT: 214 AA.

AC P27484;

DT 01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, Created)

DT 01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, Last sequence update)

DT 01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, Last annotation update)

DE GLYCINE-RICH CELL WALL STRUCTURAL PROTEIN 2 PRECURSOR.

GN GRP-2.

OS Nicotiana glauca (Wood tobacco).

OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta; Spermatophyta; Eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Asteridae; eusterids I; Solanales; Solanaceae; Nicotiana.

OC [1]

RN SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RP MEDLINE=92003709; PubMed=1912512;

RA Obokata J., Ohme M., Hayashida N.;

RT "Nucleotide sequence of a cDNA clone encoding a putative glycine-rich protein of 19.7 kDa in Nicotiana glauca (1991).

RL Plant Mol. Biol. 17:953-955(1991).

CC -1- FUNCTION: RESPONSIBLE FOR PLASTICITY OF THE CELL WALL (POTENTIAL).

CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: CELL WALL (POTENTIAL).

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CC -----

DR EMBL: X60007; CAA42622.1; -

DR PIR: S17731; KMT2S.

DR HSSP: P15277; IMC.

DR INTERPRO: IPR001878; -

DR INTERPRO: IPR002059; -

DR PFAM: PF00313; CSD; 1.

DR PFAM: PF00098; ZF-CCHC; 2.

DR PRINTS: PR00050; COLDSHOCK.

DR PRINTS: PR00039; C2HCZNFINGER.

DR PROSITE: PS00352; COLD\_SHOCK; UNKNOWN\_1.

KM Cell wall; Structural protein; Repeat; Signal.

FT SIGNAL 1 ? 214

FT CHAIN ?

FT POTENTIAL.

FT GLYCINE-RICH CELL WALL STRUCTURAL

FT DOMAIN 82 158

FT DOMAIN 176 195

FT DOMAIN 19746 MW; E28DB84538F2A0AA CRC64;

SO SEQUENCE 214 AA; 19746 MW; E28DB84538F2A0AA CRC64;

Query Match 77.3%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 214;

Best Local Similarity 78.6%; Pred. No. 2.8;

Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GGGGSGGASGGGS 14

DB 144 GGGGSGGASGGGS 157

RESULT 11

SIX\_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT: 333 AA.

AC 062233; P70176; P70177;

DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)

DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)

DE HOMEOBOX PROTEIN SIX3.

GN SIX3.

OS Mus musculus (Mouse).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN-BALB/C; TISSUE=EMBRYONIC BRAIN;

RX MEDLINE=96125147; PubMed=8575305;

RA Oliver G., Mailhos A., Wehr R., Copeland N.G., Jenkins N.A., Gruss P.;

RT "Six3, a murine homologue of the sine oculis gene, demarcates the most anterior border of the developing neural plate and is expressed during eye development".

RL Development 121:4045-4055(1995).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN-BALB/C;

RX MEDLINE=96409319; PubMed=8814301;

RA Kawakami K., Ohno H., Takizawa T., Saito T.;

RT "Identification and expression of six family genes in mouse retina".

RL FEBS Lett. 393:259-263(1996).

CC -1- FUNCTION: MAY BE INVOLVED IN VISUAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT.

CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: NUCLEAR.

CC -1- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS: 2 ISOFORMS; SIX3A AND SIX3B (SHOWN HERE); ARE PRODUCED BY ALTERNATIVE SPLICING.

CC DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: FIRST EXPRESSED AT E6.5 OF EMBRYO DEVELOPMENT AROUND THE ANTERIOR BORDER. AT E8.5, EXPRESSION IS FOUND OVER THE VENTRAL FOREBRAIN, OPTIC VESICLES, OLFACTORY PLACODES AND RATHKE'S POUCH. IN LATER STAGES, PRESENT IN HYPOTHALAMUS, EYES AND PITUITARY.

CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SIX/SINE OCULIS FAMILY OF HOMEODOMAIN PROTEINS.

CC -----

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CC -----

DR EMBL: X90871; CAA62379.1; ALT\_INT.

DR EMBL: D83145; BAA11822.1; -

DR MGD: MGI:102764; SIX3.

DR INTERPRO: IPR001356; -

DR PFAM: PF00046; homeobox; 1.

DR PROSITE: PS00027; HOMEBOX\_1; FALSE\_NEG.

DR PROSITE: PS50071; HOMEBOX\_2; 1.

KM Developmental protein; Homeobox; DNA-binding; Nuclear protein;

FT Alternative splicing.

FT DOMAIN 40 51

FT DOMAIN 55 65

FT DOMAIN 60 70

FT DNA\_BIND 207 266

FT DOMAIN 264 267

FT VARSPLIC 271 286

FT VARSPLIC 287 333

FT CONFLICT 44 44

FT CONFLICT 118 119

FT CONFLICT 278 333

FT MISSING (IN ISOFORM SIX3A).

FT G->G (IN REF. 1).

FT VA->WP (IN REF. 1).

FT PSGRSLAEPGCGPTGSAESPTAAPTYSLSLERADTG

FT TSLISVTSDSKCDV -> ERDALPGARLPARLSRVVH

FT GGGPDHQCVPDGGARGHRHFDPLGNLGRIGM (IN REF. 1).

FT SO SEQUENCE 333 AA; 35592 MW; 1AD7D3C4388043B9 CRC64;

Query Match 77.3%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 333;

Best Local Similarity 71.4%; Pred. No. 4.1;

Matches 10; Conservative 1; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GGGGSGGASGGGS 14

DB 46 GGGGSGGASGGGS 59



RESULT 12  
ID DSXF\_DROME STANDARD; PRT; 427 AA.  
AC P23022;  
DT 01-NOV-1991 (Rel. 20, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-NOV-1991 (Rel. 20, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  
DE DOUBLESSEX PROTEIN, FEMALE-SPECIFIC.  
GN DSX.  
OS Drosophila melanogaster (Fruit fly).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Tracheata; Hexapoda; Insecta;  
OC Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;  
OC Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC TISSUE=PUPAE, AND LARVA;  
RA MEDLINE=89168451; PubMed=2493994;  
RA Burris K.C., Baker B.S.;  
RT "Drosophila doublesex gene controls somatic sexual differentiation by  
RT producing alternatively spliced mRNAs encoding related sex-specific  
RT polypeptides";  
RL Cell 56:997-1010(1989).  
RN [2]  
RP DNA-BINDING.  
RX MEDLINE=91330881; PubMed=1907913;  
RA Burris K.C., Coschigano K.T., Baker B.S., Wensink P.C.;  
RT "The doublesex proteins of Drosophila melanogaster bind directly to a  
RT sex-specific yolk protein gene enhancer";  
RL EMO J. 10:2577-2582(1991).  
RN [3]  
RP DNA-BINDING DOMAIN, AND MUTAGENESIS.  
RX MEDLINE=93178426; PubMed=8440242;  
RA Erdman S.E., Burris K.C.;  
RT "The Drosophila doublesex proteins share a novel zinc finger related  
RT DNA binding domain";  
RL EMO J. 12:527-535(1993).  
CC -1- FUNCTION: CONTROLS SOMATIC SEXUAL DIFFERENTIATION. BINDS DIRECTLY  
CC AND SPECIFICALLY TO THE ENHANCER FBE (FRT BODY ENHANCER) OF  
CC THE YOLK PROTEIN 1 AND 2 GENES (YF1 AND YF2). THIS ENHANCER IS  
CC SUFFICIENT TO DIRECT THE FEMALE-SPECIFIC TRANSCRIPTION  
CC CHARACTERISTIC OF THE YF GENES IN ADULT FAT BODIES.  
CC -1- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS: 2 ISOFORMS: A FEMALE-SPECIFIC ISOFORM (SHOWN  
CC HERE) AND A MALE-SPECIFIC ISOFORM (AC P23022); ARE PRODUCED BY  
CC ALTERNATIVE SPLICING.  
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: EXPERIMENTALLY SHOWN TO BIND ZINC.  
CC  
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CC  
DR EMBL; M25292; AAA17840.1; -  
DR EMBL; M25293; AAA17841.1; -  
DR PIR; A32372; A32372.  
DR HSSP; P04002; IATF.  
DR TRANSFAC; T00955; -  
DR FLYBASE; FBgn000504; dsx.  
DR INTERPRO: IPR001275; -  
DR PFAM; PF00751; DM-domain; 1.  
KW Sexual differentiation; Alternative splicing; DNA-binding;  
KW Transcription regulation; Nuclear protein; Zinc-finger.  
FT DOMAIN 1 397  
FT DNA\_BIND 1 104  
FT DOMAIN 119 224  
FT HIS-RICH.  
FT DOMAIN 267 296  
FT SER/GLY-RICH.  
FT MUTAGEN 47 47  
FT H->Y: ABOLISHES DNA-BINDING.  
FT MUTAGEN 50 50  
FT H->Y: ABOLISHES DNA-BINDING.  
FT MUTAGEN 59 59

FT MUTAGEN 68 68 C->D,Y: ABOLISHES DNA-BINDING.  
FT MUTAGEN 70 70 C->Y: ABOLISHES DNA-BINDING.  
FT MUTAGEN 91 91 R->Y: ABOLISHES DNA-BINDING.  
SQ SEQUENCE 427 AA; 44768 MW; 75143666AC17315 CRC64;

Query Match 77.3%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 427;  
Best Local Similarity 71.4%; Pred. No. 5;  
Matches 10; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GGGGSGGRASGGGS 14  
Db 274 GGGGSGGSSGGA 287

RESULT 13  
ID LORI\_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 481 AA.  
AC P18165;  
DT 01-NOV-1990 (Rel. 16, Created)  
DT 01-NOV-1990 (Rel. 16, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last annotation update)  
DE LORICRIN.  
GN LOR.  
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE=90275605; PubMed=2190691;  
RA Mehrel T., Hohl D., Rothnagel J.A., Longley M.A., Bundman D.,  
RA Cheng C., Licht U., Bisher M.E., Steven A.C., Steinhart P.M.,  
RA Yuspe S.H., Roop D.R.;  
RT "Identification of a major keratinocyte cell envelope protein,  
RT loricrin";  
RL Cell 61:1103-1112(1990).  
RN [2]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN=BALE/C;  
RX MEDLINE=95256248; PubMed=7738016;  
RA Disepio D., Jones A., Longley M.A., Bundman D., Rothnagel J.A.,  
RA Roop D.R.;  
RT "The proximal promoter of the mouse loricrin gene contains a  
RT functional AP-1 element and directs keratinocyte-specific but not  
RT differential AP-1 element and directs keratinocyte-specific but not  
RT J. Biol. Chem. 270:10792-10799(1995).  
RL -1- FUNCTION: MAJOR KERATINOCYTE CELL ENVELOPE PROTEIN.  
CC -1- SUBUNIT: MONOMERS ARE CROSSLINKED BY DISULFIDE AND N-(GAMMA-  
CC GLUTAMYL) LYSINE ISODIPEPTIDE BONDS.  
CC  
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CC  
DR EMBL; M34398; AAA39444.1; -  
DR EMBL; M34399; AAA39445.1; -  
DR PIR; A35628; A35628.  
DR HSSP; P10968; IWGC.  
DR MGD; MGI:96816; LOR.  
KW keratinocyte.  
SQ SEQUENCE 481 AA; 37830 MW; 97349A786FF239FE CRC64;

Query Match 77.3%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 481;  
Best Local Similarity 78.6%; Pred. No. 5;  
Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GGGGSGGRASGGGS 14  
IIII II IIIII



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RA Sasaki T, Song J., Koga-Ban Y., Matsui E., Pang F., Higo H.,
RA Nagasaki H., Horii M., Miya M., Murayama-Kayano E.,
RT "Noward cataloguing all rice genes: large-scale sequencing of
RT randomly chosen rice cDNAs from a callus cDNA library.",
RL Plant J. 6:615-624(1994).
CC -1- FUNCTION: PLAYS AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN THE ELONGATION STEP OF
CC PROTEIN SYNTHESIS.
CC -1- PTM: PHOSPHORYLATED (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L12P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; D15754; ?; NOT_ANNOTATED_CDS.
KW Ribosomal protein; Phosphorylation.
FT INIT MET 0 BY SIMILARITY.
SQ SEQUENCE 118 AA; 11646 MW; 6PB60D57532C1CB4 CMC64;

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Query Match	76.0%	Score 57	DB 1	Length 118
Best Local Similarity	71.4%	Pred. No. 2.1		
Matches 10; Conservative	2;	Mismatches	2;	Indels 0;
Gaps	0;			
Qy	1	GGGCGGCGGCGG	14	
Db	69	GGGCGGCGGCGG	82	

Search completed: March 15, 2001, 11:11:12  
Job time: 1094 sec